Numb. 4611

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday November 8. to Thursday November 10. 1709.

By the QUEEN,

A PROCLAMATION.

ANNE R.

WHereas by our Royal Proclamation of the Ninth Day of June *laſt, we did think fit, for the ſaving further Charge to the Publick, and for the Eaſe of our loving Subjects, at that time to put a ſtop to, and ſuſpend the Impreſſing any more Soldiers and Marines into our Service, in purſuance of an Act lately paſſed in our Parliament, begun and holden at* Weſtminſter *on the ſixteenth of* November *laſt,* For the Speedy and Effectual Recruiting our Land-Forces and Marines, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and nine: *And whereas there is now a further Occaſion to raiſe Men for Recruiting our ſaid Forces and Marines, we have thought fit, by and with the Advice of our Privy-Council, to iſſue forth this our Royal Proclamation, hereby declaring our Will and Pleaſure, That the late Suſpenſion and Stop put to the Execution of the ſaid Act be now taken off. And we do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Commiſſioners, and other our Loving Subjects, who are Authorized to put the ſaid Act in Execution, That they again uſe their utmoſt Diligence to Anſwer the Ends and Deſigns of the ſaid Act, purſuant to the Directions of the ſaid Act.*

Given at our Court at *St. James's* this Sixth Day of *November*, 1709. In the Eighth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the QUEEN.

St. James's, November 8. This Day her Majeſty was pleaſed to Conſtitute and Appoint the Right Honourable Edward Earl of Orford, Sir John Leake, Sir George Byng, George Dodington, Eſq; and Paul Methuen, Eſq; Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Lord High-Admiral of Great Britain and Ireland.

Venice, November 1. *N. S.* Letters from Naples ſay, that General Caraffa had given Orders for Fortifications to be built which may Command the Entrance of the Road into the Port of Reggio; and that General Thaun was declared Prince of Tiano in that Kingdom, which Principality was formerly enjoyed by the Prince of Medina Sedonia. Advices from Rome ſay, that thoſe who are in the Intereſts of the French King, and the Duke of Anjou, ſeemed to acquieſce in the Pope's Declaration of Charles III. as King of Spain; and that the Cardinals Dadda and Ferari had ſet up the Arms of his Catholick Majeſty over the Gates of their Palaces; as have all others who have any Poſſeſſions in his Majeſty's Dominions, except the Prince Burglege, whoſe Son is arrived here with his Family, and deſigns to ſtay for ſome time in this City.

Copenhagen, November 9. *N. S.* On the 4th Inſtant the Troops which are deſigned for the Expedition on Schonen began to embark in this Port, and yeſterday the whole was embarked, conſiſting of fifteen hundred Horſe, fifteen hundred Dragoons, and between eight and nine thouſand Foot, beſides ſome Forces of the Militia, which are to continue on Board the Fleet, to make a Deſcent as occaſion ſhall require. A large Train of Artillery is alſo embarked for this Enterprize, and a ſecond Tranſportation will be made ſome Weeks hence. His Daniſh Majeſty deſigns to go in Perſon. All the Officers were commanded to take Shipping laſt Night; and it is expected that the King himſelf, and General Reventlau, who Commands in Chief, will embark this Day. It is not yet known whether his Majeſty will be preſent at the firſt Landing, or ſtay at Elſinore. The Muſcovite Ambaſſador, and the Envoy of King Auguſtus, are to go on Board a Frigat which is appointed to attend their Excellencies.

Berlin, November 9. *N. S.* Letters from Marienwerder of the 2d Inſtant ſay, that the Czar and the King of Pruſſia continued in that Place, where the Courts were entertained with Banquets, Balls, and other publick Diverſions. His Czariſh Majeſty deſigned to ſet out on the 5th Inſtant for Riga, and his Pruſſian Majeſty the Day following, in order to return to this Place. The Margrave Philip, to whom the Regency of this Kingdom hath been committed during the King's abſence, is to receive his Majeſty at Swed, which is the Place of his Reſidence, from whence the King is expected here the latter end of this Week. This Evening the Prince and Princeſs Royal are expected to return to this Place from the Court of Hanover. It being adviſed that the Peſtilence ſtill rages in ſome Parts of his Majeſty's Dominions, all neceſſary Precautions have been taken to prevent that Diſtemper from reaching this City; no Perſons are permitted to enter without ſufficient Paſsports, and an Hoſpital hath been erected without the Town to receive thoſe that may happen to be Infected.

Hague, November 15. *N. S.* The Convoy that waits on the Duke of Marlborough is by his Grace's order fallen down to Helvoet-ſluys, in order to Sail with the firſt fair Wind for England. Prince Eugene continues here, and hath deferred his Journey to Vienna for ſome Days, becauſe the Duke of Marlborough hath been detained by contrary Winds longer than was expected. Yeſterday the States of Holland were aſſembled, and the State of the War for the Year 1710 hath been already communicated to them; it is not doubted but they will give their Aſſent to it before they ſeparate. This Regulation hath alſo been ſent to the other Provinces, to receive their Approbation. Count Lechterain is arrived here from Duſſeldorp, and will Sail for Great Britain within ten Days. The 13th Inſtant was obſerved throughout the United Provinces as a Day of Publick Rejoicings and Thankſgiving for the Succeſſes of the laſt Campaign, and the Standards and Colours taken from the Enemy at the late Battel of Tanieres were expoſed to publick View on this occaſion. The Frontiers are now in perfect Tranquility. Advices from the North ſay, that the King of Denmark's Declaration of War againſt Sweden had been publiſhed; that the Danes had already ſeized on ſome of the Swediſh Merchantmen; that his Majeſty was embarked on the Fleet at Copenhagen, conſiſting of four hundred Sail, which weighed Anchor on the 9th Inſtant, and ſtood towards Schonen. Theſe Advices add, that the King of Denmark had given Orders to his Troops to obſerve ſtrict Diſcipline in Schonen, and pay for ſuch Proviſions as they ſhould receive from the Inhabitants. We are alſo adviſed, that the Swedes have drawn together eighteen thouſand Regular Troops in that Province, to oppoſe this Expedition of the Danes.

St. James's,